ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Coordinating Agency:

Marion County Sheriff

Primary Agency:

Marion County Sheriff

Support Agencies:

Adjutant General's Office, Kansas Division of Emergency Management (KDEM)

Adjutant General's Office, Kansas National Guard

Burns Police Department

Department of Homeland Security

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Florence Police Department

Goessel Police Department

Hillsboro Police Department

Kansas Attorney General's Office

Kansas Bureau of Investigation (KBI)

Kansas Department of Corrections

Kansas Highway Patrol

Marion County Emergency Management

Marion County Emergency Medical Service

Marion County Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)

Marion Police Department

Peabody Police Department

I. Purpose and Scope

A. Purpose

1. The purpose of ESF 13 is to provide law enforcement coordination and support services in support of emergency events in Marion County.

B. Scope

- 1. ESF 13 provides a mechanism for coordinating and providing support to local authorities to include law enforcement, public safety, and security capabilities and resources during potential or actual disaster/emergencies.
- 2. ESF 13 generally is activated in situations requiring extensive assistance to provide public safety and security and where local government resources are overwhelmed or are inadequate, or in pre-incident or post-incident situations that require protective solutions.
- 3. ESF 13 capabilities support incident management requirements including:
 - a. Force and critical infrastructure protection;

- b. Security planning and technical assistance; and
- c. Technology support and public safety in both pre-incident and post-incident situations.
- d. To create a county law enforcement emergency response that provides for the command, control, and coordination of law enforcement planning, operations, and mutual aid;
- e. To coordinate dispatch and the use of county law enforcement and means of coordination with local government.

II. Concept of Operations

A. General

- 1. ESF 13 is organized consistent with the Marion County EOC, the requirements of the National Response Framework, the National Incident Management System, and the Incident Command System. This structure and system supports incident assessment, planning, procurement, deployment, and coordination and support operations to Marion County through the Marion County Emergency Response Team, Area Operations and Regional Incident Management Teams (IMTs) to provide a timely and appropriate response to an emergency or situation.
- Procedures, protocols and plans for disaster response activities are developed to govern staff operations at the Marion County EOC and in the field. These are in the form of Emergency Operations Plan (i.e., Base Plan) and corresponding Appendices, Incident Annexes, Support Annexes and Standard Operating Guidelines, which describe ESF 13 capabilities. Periodic training and exercises are also conducted to enhance effectiveness.
- 3. In a large event requiring local or State mutual aid assistance, ESF 13 will work with its support agency counterparts to seek and procure, plan, coordinate and direct the use of required assets.
- 4. Throughout the response and recovery periods, ESF 13 will evaluate and analyze information requests to move people, materials, equipment and other resources as necessary; develop and update assessments of the Law Enforcement situation and status in the impact area; and undertake contingency planning to meet anticipated demands or needs.
- 5. When an event is focused in scope to a specific type or response mode technical and subject matter expertise may be provided by an appropriate person(s) from a supporting agency with skills pertinent to the type of event, who will advise and/or direct operations within the context of the Incident Command System structure.

6. Capabilities

1. Marion County has limited resources for; Hazmat; Explosive ordinance detection/disposal; Aviation; Radiological monitoring. If the county were to

- encounter one of these threats with regard to Law Enforcement, the county would request mutual aid.
- 2. Local agencies across the State of Kansas, with leadership from the Kansas Highway Patrol, have a program called LEAD (Law Enforcement Assistance Deployment). LEAD is an organization to coordinate deployment of law enforcement resources under mutual aid in emergency incidents and planned events. LEAD agencies can report the number and type of resources they can deploy along with the length of deployment and travel distances.
- 7. Public safety, security and protection.
 - 1. The county sheriff has jurisdiction throughout the county. Marion, Hillsboro, Peabody, Florence and Burns have a police department. The Sheriff has the authority to extend to the city officer jurisdiction boundaries to outside of the city through internal process.
 - 2. The process of determining public safety and security will be coordinated by the Sheriff's Office. The first responders will make recommendations to the IC or EOC on response priorities. The priority will be based on officer safety, life safety, protection of property and incident stabilization. (KPS435/2020)
 - 3. Scene security is determined by the type on incident:
 - 1. Natural Disasters: Secure points of entry to the scene. Request mutual aid as needed.
 - 2. Hazardous Materials: Evacuation efforts, coordination with the IC to determine where to evacuate from. Secure points of entry to the scene.
 - 3. Criminal: Secure the scene for criminal investigation to protect the integrity of the scene.
 - 4. Terrorism: Secure the scene for criminal investigation to protect the integrity of the scene.
 - 5. Mass Casualty: Ensure the scene is safe for the first responders responding to the incident.
 - 4. Considerations for providing protection of key facilities in coordination with other ESF sections: (KPS443/2020)

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- 1. Location
- 2. Accessibility
- 3. Safety

- 4. Security
- 5. Topography
- 5. Key facilities in Marion County include but are not limited to the following facilities:
 - 1. Emergency Operations Center
 - 2. Field Command Posts
 - 3. Staging Area(s)
 - 4. Temporary Morgues
 - 5. Hospitals/Temporary treatment centers
- 6. Marion County does not contain any correctional facilities and therefore are not a key facility for consideration. (KPS443/2020)
- 7. In coordination with ESF 5 the sheriff's office will support the requirements for security at the EOC, in an effort to keep public and media from disrupting response and recovery actions.
- 8. In coordination with the IC the sheriff's office will support the field requirements for security at the field command post, in an effort to keep the public and media from disrupting response and recovery actions.
- 9. In coordination with ESF 7 the sheriff's office will support the requirements for security at the staging area, in an effort to keep the public and media from disrupting response and recovery actions and ensure the accountability of equipment in the staging area.
- 10. The ARC does not provide security at any shelter. Marion County will supply security as requested/required. Shelter staff may have limited training and ability to provide security. See ESF 6 for shelter requirements.
- 11. In accordance with ESF 9 or ESF 5 the sheriff office will support the requirements for the security at the temporary morgue site, in an effort to keep the public and media from disrupting the activities at the morgue, and to protect the dignity of the deceased. The funeral directors association has policies in place to support security at morgues during disaster operations.
- 12. Law enforcement will be designated to provide security at hospitals and emergency centers in order to protect the hospital staff and patients.
- 13. County jail will continue to operate with its own staff. If they are overwhelmed or unable to protect their population, they will request mutual aid through ESF 13 and ESF 15. The county may relocate their population to another county or state facility as required.

14. In coordination with ESF 5 and ESF 9 the sheriff's office will support the requirements for security at the scene, in an effort to keep the public and media from disrupting response and recovery actions.

8. Continuity of operations

When the County LE is overwhelmed or facilities are damaged, the county LE will request mutual aid from adjacent counties, or from the KHP. Officers brought into the jurisdiction on mutual aid will be informed of the local policies and procedures for the jurisdiction.

B. Direction and Control

- The ESF 13 Coordinating Agency is Marion County Sheriff which is appointed by the Marion County Emergency Management, in coordination with local planning partners. The staff serving as ESF 13 Coordinator is appointed by and located in the Marion County Sheriff. When ESF 13 support is necessary, the ESF 13 Coordinator coordinates all aspects of ESF 13.
- ESF 13 complies with the National Response Framework, and the National Incident Management System (NIMS). The NIMS guides the direction and control system adopted by the Marion County Emergency Management, which functions as the official disaster prevention, protection, response, preparedness, recovery, and mitigation organization within Marion County.
- 3. The ESF 13 may operate at two levels: 1) Marion County EOC; and 2) Field operations
- 4. During emergency activations, all management decisions regarding transportation for Marion County are made at the Marion County EOC by the ESF 13 coordinator. Under the Incident Command System structure, the Planning, Logistics, Finance/Administration, and Operations Sections at the Marion County EOC assist the incident commander in carrying out the overall mission.
- 5. In accordance with a mission assignment from ESF 13, each primary and/or support organization assisting ESF 13 will retain administrative control over its own resources and personnel, but will be under the operational control of ESF 13. Delegation of mission operational control may be delegated to the field by the Marion County EOC.

C. Organization

1. County

- a. During an activation of the Marion County EOC, primary and support agency staff is integrated with the Marion County Sheriff staff to provide support.
- b. During an emergency or disaster event, the Marion County EOC/Operations Section Chief will coordinate the support resources from the support agencies with the Emergency Services Branch Chief.
- c. During the response phase, ESF 13 will evaluate and fulfill all valid requests for law enforcement resources. ESF 13 will complete and update assessments and

- contingency plans for the law enforcement support services deployed or anticipated in the incident area.
- d. The Marion County Sheriff will develop and maintain ESF 13 and accompanying Appendices, annexes and Standard Operating Guidelines that govern response actions related to emergencies. Support agencies may develop and maintain supporting documents for agency use, which must be compatible with the overall Emergency Operations Plan. All such documents will be in compliance with the National Response Framework, The National Incident Management System, the Incident Command System and the Marion County Emergency Operations Plan.

2. State of Kansas

- a. During an activation of the State of Kansas EOC, the Kansas Highway Patrol is the designated lead agency for State law enforcement and will provide a liaison to facilitate requests for State law enforcement resources to local Emergency Operations Centers.
- b. During an emergency or disaster event, the primary and support agencies of ESF13 at the State of Kansas EOC will report to the Emergency Services Branch Chief who reports to the Operations Section Chief under the overall direction of the SEOC Manager.
- c. During the response phase, ESF 13 will evaluate and analyze information regarding statewide law enforcement coordination and support requests. ESF 13 will develop and update law enforcement assessments and contingency plans to meet anticipated demands and needs.
- d. The Kansas Highway Patrol develops and maintains ESF 13 and accompanying Appendices, Annexes and Standard Operating Guidelines that govern response actions related to emergencies. Support agencies may develop and maintain similar documents for agency use, which must be compatible with and in support of the overall Kansas Response Plan. All such documents will be in compliance with the National Response Framework, the National Incident Management System, the Incident Command System and the Kansas Response Plan.

D. Alerts and Notifications

- The Marion County Sheriff and/or Marion County Emergency Management will notify the County Warning Point (Marion County Public Safety Warning Point (PSAP)) when information comes to their attention indicating that an emergency or disaster situation is developing.
- 2. The County Warning Point (Marion County Public Safety Warning Point (PSAP)), will notify the "on call" Emergency Duty Officer and/or ESF Coordinator for ESF 13 when Marion County has been threatened or impacted by an emergency or disaster event as provided in the County Warning Point procedure.
- 3. ESF13 will be activated or placed on standby upon notification by the Marion County EOC. The representatives or designees of the coordinating agency will manage the

- emergency activities of ESF 13. If additional support is required, the ESF 13 coordinating and primary agencies may jointly manage ESF 13 activities.
- 4. Upon instructions to activate or placement of ESF 13 on standby, Marion County Sheriff will implement procedures to notify all ESF 13 planning team members and, if necessary, mobilize all personnel, facilities, and physical resources likely to be needed, based on the emergency circumstance.

E. Actions

Actions carried out by ESF 13 are grouped into phases of emergency management:
 Preparedness, Response, Recovery and Mitigation. Each phase requires specific skills
 and knowledge to accomplish the tasks and requires significant cooperation and
 collaboration between all ESF 13 agencies and the intended recipients of service

Overall Actions Assigned to All Members

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

1 Establish contact with private resources that could provide support during an emergency.

Overall Actions Assigned to All Members

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Assist with emergency evacuations.
- 2 Alert and activate off-duty and auxiliary personnel as required by the emergency.
- 3 Activate mutual aid agreements as required.
- 4 | Preposition resources when incident is likely or imminent.

Overall Actions Assigned to All Members

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Review plans and procedures with key personnel and make revisions and changes.
- 2 Provide continued situation reports to support recovery and damage assessment process.
- Collect documentation for possible financial reimbursement process for recovery activities. Provide updates to eligible applicants on any disaster recovery programs.

Overall Actions Assigned to All Members

Mitigation Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

1 Participate in the hazard identification process and identify and correct vulnerabilities

III. Responsibilities

A. The following list identifies the responsibilities designated to each agency/organization for this ESF. The Coordinating and Primary Agency and their responsibilities are listed first. The Supporting Agencies follow in alphabetical order.

Coordinating: Marion County Sheriff

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- Identify who is responsible for initial notification of ESF-13 personnel.
 Identify responsibilities for liaison roles with state and adjacent county law enforcement
- 2 | Identity responsibilities for ilaison roles with state and adjacent county law enforcement officials.
- 3 Develop standard operating guides and checklists to support ESF-13 activities.
- 4 Develop and maintain ESF-13 Annex.
- Develop mutual aid and other support agreements with surrounding jurisdictions and the private sector.
- 6 Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Designate personnel to coordinate ESF-13 activities.
- 2 Manage the collection, processing, and dissemination of information between ESF-13 and EOC or incident command.
- 3 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.
- Participate in EOC briefings, incident action plans, situation reports and meetings to support ESF13.
- Identify capabilities to provide safety and security for hazmat, EOD, aviation, and radiological incidents.
- 6 Secure disaster area in accordance with the requirements of the specific hazard present.
- 7 Coordinate with other ESF sections to provide protection to key and critical facilities.
- 8 Coordinate with EOC or incident command to provide protection to shelters and feeding facilities.
- 9 Provide support to ESF 6 in handling individuals in shelters with legal restrictions.
- 10 Provide protection to emergency responders.
- 11 Coordinate the activation of mutual aid agreements.
- 12 Coordinate with law enforcement agencies responding from outside the jurisdiction.
- Activate continuity of operations protocol when agencies are overwhelmed or unable to respond due to facilities damage.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- Return borrowed resources and those obtained through agreement, lease, or rental when those resources are no longer required.
- 2 Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.
- 3 Participate in after action meetings and prepare after action reports as requested.

Mitigation Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

1 Provide ESF-13 representative for update of mitigation plan.

Primary: Marion County Sheriff

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Identify who is responsible for initial notification of ESF-13 personnel.
- 2 Identify responsibilities for liaison roles with state and adjacent county law enforcement officials.
- 3 Develop standard operating guides and checklists to support ESF-13 activities.
- 4 Develop and maintain ESF-13 Annex.
- Develop mutual aid and other support agreements with surrounding jurisdictions and the private sector.
- 6 Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

1 Designate personnel to coordinate ESF-13 activities.

- Manage the collection, processing, and dissemination of information between ESF-13 and EOC or incident command.
- 3 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.
- Participate in EOC briefings, incident action plans, situation reports and meetings to support ESF13.
- Identify capabilities to provide safety and security for hazmat, EOD, aviation, and radiological incidents.
- 6 Secure disaster area in accordance with the requirements of the specific hazard present.
- 7 Coordinate with other ESF sections to provide protection to key and critical facilities.
- 8 Coordinate with EOC or incident command to provide protection to shelters and feeding facilities.
- 9 Provide support to ESF 6 in handling individuals in shelters with legal restrictions.
- 10 Provide protection to emergency responders.
- 11 Coordinate the activation of mutual aid agreements.
- 12 Coordinate with law enforcement agencies responding from outside the jurisdiction.
- Activate continuity of operations protocol when agencies are overwhelmed or unable to respond due to facilities damage.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- Return borrowed resources and those obtained through agreement, lease, or rental when those resources are no longer required.
- 2 Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.
- 3 Participate in after action meetings and prepare after action reports as requested.

Mitigation Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

1 Provide ESF-13 representative for update of mitigation plan.

Supporting: Burns Police Department

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.
- 2 Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.
- 2 Provide protection to emergency responders.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.

Supporting: Florence Police Department

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.
- 2 | Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.
- 2 Provide protection to emergency responders.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.

Supporting: Goessel Police Department

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.
- 2 | Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.
- 2 Provide protection to emergency responders.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.

Supporting: Hillsboro Police Department

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 | Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.
- 2 Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.
- 2 | Provide protection to emergency responders.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.

Supporting: Marion County Emergency Management

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.
- 2 Develop standard operating guides and checklists to support ESF-13 activities.
- 3 Develop and maintain ESF-13 Annex.
- 4 Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Mitigation Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Participate in mitigation planning team meetings and work with local emergency management to promote community preparedness.

Supporting: Marion County Emergency Medical Service

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.
- 2 Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

1 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.

Supporting: Marion County Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

1 | Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.

2 | Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.

Supporting: Marion Police Department

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.
- 2 | Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.
- 2 Provide protection to emergency responders.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.

Supporting: Peabody Police Department

Preparedness (Pre-Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Maintain a central personnel roster, contact, and resource lists to support ESF-13 tasks.
- 2 Credential and badge department employees prior to an incident

Response (During Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

- 1 Provide field support for emergency responders at the scene.
- 2 Provide protection to emergency responders.

Recovery (Post Event) Actions for ESF 13 - Public Safety and Security

Evaluate response and recommend changes to ESF-13 Annex to correct shortfalls and improve future response activities.

IV. Financial Management

A. ESF 13 is responsible for coordinating with Marion County Clerk to manage ESF 13 expenses relevant to an event.

B. During a response, each agency/department funds disaster operations from their current operating budget and are responsible for recording and tracking agency expenditures. If a federally declared disaster exists, each agency is responsible for seeking reimbursement in accordance to the formula has established by the Federal Emergency Management Agency via the FEMA/State Agreement.

C. Expenditures by support entities will be documented by those entities and submitted directly to the Marion County Clerk or a designated Finance Service officer as soon as possible.

V. References and Authorities

Authorities

- (Federal) 44 CFR 350 44 CFR 350 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (Federal) 44 CFR Part 10 44 CFR Part 10 Environmental Considerations.
- (Federal) 44 CFR Part 13 44 CFR Part 13 (The Common Rule) Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements.
- (Federal) 44 CFR Part 14 44 CFR Part 14 Audits of State and Local Governments.
- (Federal) 44 CFR Part 206 44 CFR Part 206 Federal Disaster Assistance for Disasters Declared after November 23, 1988.
- (Federal) 44 CFR Parts 59-76 44 CFR Parts 59-76 National Flood Insurance Program and related programs.
- (Federal) 50 CFR, Title 10 50 CFR Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (Federal) National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4101 As amended by the National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 (Title V of Public Law 103-325).
- (Federal) Public Law 101-549 Public Law 101-549, Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, which provide for reductions in hazardous air pollutants and risk management planning requirements.
- (Federal) Public Law 101-615 Public Law 101-615, Hazardous Materials Transportation Uniform Safety Act (HMTUSA), which provides funding to improve capability to respond to hazardous materials incidents.
- (Federal) Public Law 106-390, Disaster Mitigation Act 2000 Public Law 106-390,
 Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000, to amend the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
 Emergency Assistance Act to authorize a program for pre-disaster mitigation, to
 streamline the administration of disaster relief, to control the Federal costs of disaster
 assistance, and for other purposes.
- (Federal) Public Law 107-296, 116 Stat. 2135 (2002) Public Law 107-296, 116 Stat. 2135 (2002) (codified predominantly at 6 U.S.C. 101-557 and other sections of the U.S.C.), ESTABLISHED THE Department of Homeland Security with the mandate and legal authority to protect the American people from the continuing threat of terrorism.
- (Federal) Public Law 833-703 Public Law 833-703 amendment to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.
- (Federal) Public Law 84-99,33 U.S.C. 701n Flood Emergencies, authorizing an emergency fund for flood emergency preparation, flood fighting and rescue operations, and repair and restoration of flood control works threatened or destroyed by flood.
- (Federal) Public Law 85-256, Price-Anderson Act Public Law 85-256, Price-Anderson Act, 42 U.S.C. 2210, which provides for a system of compensating the public for harm caused by a nuclear accident.

- (Federal) Public Law 89-665,16 U.S.C. 470 National Historic Preservation Act, relating to the preservation of historic resources damaged as a result of disasters.
- (Federal) Public Law 91-671, Food Stamp Act of 1964 Public Law 91-671, Food Stamp Act of 1964, in conjunction with Section 412 of the Stafford Act, relating to food stamp distributions after a major disaster.
- (Federal) Public Law 93-234 Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended by the Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994, 42 U.S.C. 4001, et seq, provides insurance coverage for all types of buildings.
- (Federal) Public Law 93-288, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 5121 Public Law 93-288, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 5121, et seq, the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, which provides authority for response and recovery assistance under the Federal Response Plan, which empowers the President to direct any federal agency to utilize its authorities and resources in support of State and local assistance efforts.
- (Federal) Public Law 95-510, 42 U.S.C. 9601 Public Law 95-510, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended, which requires facilities to notify authorities of accidental releases of hazardous materials.
- (Federal) Public Law 99-499 Public Law 99-499, Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Part III, the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. 11001, et seq, which governs hazardous materials planning and community right-to-know.
- (Federal) Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994 Regal Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994.
- (Federal) Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 11331-11352, Federal Emergency Management Food and Shelter Program.
- (State) Kansas Administrative Regulation 56-2-1 and 56-2 These regulations define
 the requirements of local emergency management agencies. It establishes the minimum
 functions of such agencies, the minimum support counties must provide to such
 agencies and the minimum qualifications of county emergency management
 directors/coordinators.
- (State) Kansas Planning Standards The Kansas Planning Standards (KPS) is intended to be an all-encompassing guide to review or redevelop Local Emergency Operations Plans (LEOPs).
- (State) Kansas Response Plan The Kansas Response Plan (KRP) is designed to address natural and man-made hazards that could adversely affect the State of Kansas. The KRP applies to all State government departments and agencies that are tasked to provide assistance in a disaster or emergency situation. It describes the fundamental policies, strategies, and general concept of operations to be used in control of the emergency from its onset through the post disaster phase.

- (State) Kansas Statutes Annotated (KSA) 48-9a01 This Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC) is a mutual aid agreement and partnership that allows states to assist one another during emergencies. Emergency Management Assistance Compact establishes a firm legal foundation for States to send assistance to, and receive assistance from other States.
- (State) KSA 12-16, 117 This state statute empowers municipalities (counties and cities) to establish policies regarding the rendering of aid to other municipalities during times of declared emergencies/ disasters. It streamlines the process of mutual aid over the "interlocal agreement" mechanism contained in KSA 12-2901.
- (State) KSA 48-904 through 48-936 These state statutes establish the duties, roles and responsibilities for emergency management within the state, and establishes basic requirements for counties to establish and maintain emergency management programs. It outlines the organization, policies and procedures governing the Kansas Division of Emergency Management (KDEM), establishes the powers and authorities of the Governor, state and local officials to deal with emergencies/disasters before, during and after their occurrence.
- (State) KSA 65-5701 through 65-5711 These state statutes are the state level implementation of Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), Title III. It defines the Hazardous Materials (HAZMAT) roles and responsibilities of state agencies, makes counties Hazardous Materials emergency planning districts and establishes a Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) in each county.
- (State) State of Kansas Executive Order 05-03 This Executive Order designates the National Incident Management System (NIMS) as the standard for incident management in the State of Kansas.
- (Local) Marion County Kansas Resolution dated August 1, 1963, establishing the Marion County Emergency Management Office.
- (Local) Marion County Resolution 02-16 providing mutual aid per KSA 12-16,177.

References

- (Federal) Federal Bureau of Investigation's Concept of Opera Federal Bureau of Investigation's Concept of Operations for Weapons of Mass Destruction
- (Federal) Federal Radiological Emergency Response Plan Federal Radiological Emergency Response Plan
- (Federal) National Incident Management System (NIMS) National Incident Management System (NIMS)
- (Federal) National Response Framework (NRF) National Response Framework (NRF)